Practice Implementation Checklist: Responsive Caregiving

With Children

- □ Greet each child at the door every morning
- □ When addressing children always use their names and get at their eye level
- □ Use a calm, positive, and supportive tone of voice
- □ Use specific and descriptive encouragement for children's skills, behavior and activities (e.g., "I like how you are sitting criss-cross in circle.")
- □ Join children's play and support/expand their interactions
- □ Share something personal about yourself with children

With Families

- □ Find different ways to involve parents and families
- Send notes home and make phone calls to share information about the good things their child is doing
- □ Make home visits
- Send home practical suggestions for supporting children's social emotional development at home and in the community

With staff and other service providers

- Have regular meetings with your classroom staff and have regular contact with other service providers
- Make teaming and collaboration a priority for your classroom
- Plan with classroom staff on how to work as a team in your classroom
- Provide encouragement and support to the colleagues with whom you work

- Give directions that are short, simple, and specific. Make sure children understand the directions you have given
- Give positive and specific encouragement to children. Comment frequently on children's appropriate behavior
- Respond to children's comments by asking questions and elaborating on what they say
- □ Have ongoing conversations with children about their ideas and interests
- Identify ways to have conversations with children who are non-verbal, language delayed, or speak English as a second language
- □ Include families on the team when developing behavior support plans
- Share information about community resources related to social emotional development and challenging behavior
- □ Use a variety of methods to communicate with parents (home visits, phone calls, notes home, newsletter, school websites, email, classroom visits, etc.)



Practice Implementation Checklist: High Quality Environments

Schedules & Routines

- Post daily schedules and routines with visual displays
- Review schedule and refer to it throughout the day
- Plan both large and small group activities throughout each day

Classroom Design

- $\hfill \Box$ Children can easily move around the classroom
- □ The learning centers have clear boundaries
- □ No wide open spaces in the classroom where children can run

Promoting Engagement

- Structure activities so that children are actively engaged almost all of the time (i.e., actively participating)
- □ Change your activity plan when children lose interest

Transitions

- Provide a whole class warning prior to transitions
- Develop transition games, songs, or others to ensure all children are actively engaged in the transition
- □ Specifically teach the steps and expectations for transitions

Expectations & Rules

- Post behavior expectations and regularly review during large group instruction
- Provide instruction on posted behavior expectations to individual children, during play, and small group activities

- □ Include a balance of teacher-directed and child-directed activities
- Prepare children for changes that will occur in the regular schedule
- Make special preparations for individual children who may need more support to follow the routine
- Adequate number and variety of centers to maintain children's interest and support the number of children at each center (1 center for every 4 children)
- □ When children begin to show challenging behavior, help them become actively engaged in the activity or provide a new activity
- □ Comment positively and descriptively on children's engagement
- Provide positive and specific feedback to children who transition appropriately
- Provide individual prompts (e.g., verbal, visuals) to children who may have difficulty transitioning
- □ Actively engage all students in the transition even those who are waiting for their turn
- Give specific feedback on appropriate child behavior linking back to the posted behavior expectations
- □ Facilitate conversations with children to think about the behavior expectations and why they are important for them and the class

Practice Implementation Checklist: Social Emotional Teaching Strategies

Friendship Skills:

- □ Encourage children to work together
- Make positive and specific comments about children who are working together, helping each other, etc.
- □ Use a variety of strategies to specifically teach friendship skills (e.g., sharing, turn taking, helping others)
- Provide children with planned opportunities to practice friendship skills
- Model appropriate friendship skills in interactions with children and other adults



Emotional Literacy:

- □ Model and label your own emotions and appropriate ways to express emotions
- Use a variety of strategies to teach children about emotion words
- Use a variety of strategies to teach children how to recognize emotions in themselves and others
- □ Validate children's emotions by labeling them and allowing them to talk about how they feel
- Provide children with strategies to use to calm down when they are angry
- □ Individualize instruction to meet the developmental needs of all your children

Problem Solving Strategies:

- □ Specifically teach the steps to solving problems
- □ Engage children in generating solutions to common classroom challenges
- □ Post visual reminders about the problem solving steps
- □ Recognize and give specific feedback to those children who have been "good problem solvers"
- □ Help children reflect on their own problem solving skills
- □ Individualized instruction on problem solving to meet different developmental needs

Practice Implementation Checklist: Individualized Interventions

Conducting a functional behavior assessment:

- □ Learn about the processes and procedures for initiating a functional behavior assessment at your school. Who do you need to talk to?
- □ Clarify your role as a member of the team conducting the functional behavior assessment
- □ Make sure you have input on the data collection as part of the functional behavior assessment team
- □ Make sure families are informed about activities associated with the functional behavior assessment
- □ Work with families to collect data on behavior of concern

Developing the behavior support plan:

- Make sure findings from the functional assessment are used to inform development of the behavior support plan
- □ Make sure families are included in the development of the behavior support plan
- □ Make sure you understand how to implement every part of the behavior support plan—ask for training, support, or additional resources if needed
- □ Have a plan for continuing to monitor student progress
- □ Make sure you have all the resources necessary to implement the plan as written
- □ Assist families in implementing the plan at home and in the community